SAFETY DATA SHEET

RF129

Section 1. Identification

Product name	: DUPLI-COLOR® RUST FIX® Rust Treatment
Product code	: RF129
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Aerosol.
Relevant identified uses of the	ne substance or mixture and uses advised against
Paint or paint related material.	
Supplier	 Manufactured in U.S.A. by and exported by: The Sherwin-Williams Company 101 W. Prospect Avenue Cleveland, OH 44115
Emergency telephone number of the company	: +1 703-741-5970
Product Information Telephone Number	: Not available.
Transportation Emergency Telephone Number	: +1 703-741-5970

Section 2. Hazards identification

Classification of the	: FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	
substance or mixture	GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	
	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	A
	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 24 SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSI	
	irritation) - Category 3	
	SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOS Category 3	URE) (Narcotic effects) -
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unk (oral), 53.5% (dermal)	known acute toxicity: 40%
GHS label elements		
Hazard pictograms		
Signal word	: Danger	
Hazard statements	: Extremely flammable aerosol.	
	Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.	
	Causes skin irritation.	
	Causes serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation.	
	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
Precautionary statements		
General	: Read label before use. Keep out of reach of children. If m product container or label at hand.	edical advice is needed, have
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Section 2. Hazards identification

Prevention	: Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source. Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area. Avoid breathing dust or mist. Wash thoroughly after handling. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use.
Response	: IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor if you feel unwell. Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse. IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water. If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice or attention. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice or attention.
Storage	: Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
Disposal	: Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.
Supplemental label elements	DELAYED EFFECTS FROM LONG TERM OVEREXPOSURE. Contains solvents which can cause permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents can be harmful or fatal. WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.
	Please refer to the SDS for additional information. Keep out of reach of children. Keep upright in a cool, dry place. Do not discard empty can in trash compactor.
Hazards not otherwise classified	: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture	: Mixture
Other means of	: Not available.
identification	

CAS number/other identifiers

Ingredient name	% by weight	CAS number
Dimethyl Ether Acetone	≥25 - ≤50 ≥25 - ≤50	115-10-6 67-64-1
2-Butoxyethanol	≥23 - ≤30 ≤14	111-76-2
Formic Acid	≤2.4	64-18-6

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

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Section 4. First aid measures

Inhalation :	Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact :	Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion :	Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effe		
Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.	
Inhalation	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. M dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.	lay cause drowsiness or
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.	
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.	
Over-exposure signs/sym	<u>otoms</u>	
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness	
Inhalation	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness	
Skin contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness	
Ingestion	: No specific data.	
Indication of immediate me	dical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary	
Notes to physician	 Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled. 	
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.	
Protection of first-aiders	No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or wir suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.	d wear an appropriate mask or
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Section 4. First aid measures

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: Extremely flammable aerosol. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. Gas may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back, causing fire or explosion. Bursting aerosol containers may be propelled from a fire at high speed.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.
Remark	: Flammable aerosol.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

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<u>Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures</u>			
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. In the case of aerosols being ruptured, care should be taken due to the rapid escape of the pressurized contents and propellant. If a large number of containers are ruptured, treat as a bulk material spillage according to the instructions in the clean-up section. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.		
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".		
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).		
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up		

Small spill: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and
explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively,
or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste
disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

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Section 6. Accidental release measures

Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

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Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Pressurized container: protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing gas. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store away from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Protect from sunlight. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	CAS #	Exposure limits
Dimethyl Ether	115-10-6	OARS WEEL (United States, 4/2022).
		TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours.
Acetone	67-64-1	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
		TWA: 250 ppm 8 hours.
		STEL: 500 ppm 15 minutes.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		TWA: 250 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 590 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		TWA: 1000 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 2400 mg/m ³ 8 hours.
2-Butoxyethanol	111-76-2	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023).
	111-70-2	TWA: 20 ppm 8 hours.
		NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020).
		Absorbed through skin.
		TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours.
		TWA: 24 mg/m ³ 10 hours.
		OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018).
		Absorbed through skin.
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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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		TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 240 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Formic Acid	64-18-6	ACGIH TLV (United States, 7/2023). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2020). TWA: 5 ppm 10 hours. TWA: 9 mg/m ³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 5/2018). TWA: 5 ppm 8 hours. TWA: 9 mg/m ³ 8 hours.

Biological exposure indices

Ingredient name	Exposure indices
Acetone	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) BEI: 25 mg/l, acetone [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.
2-Butoxyethanol	ACGIH BEI (United States, 7/2023) BEI: 200 mg/g creatinine, butoxyacetic acid (BAA) [in urine]. Sampling time: end of shift.

Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls	Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust vent other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants be ecommended or statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep g apor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-pre- entilation equipment. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to en- hey comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In so ases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equip will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.	elow any as, roof sure me
Individual protection measu		
Hygiene measures	Vash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, be pating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated cloth Vash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and howers are close to the workstation location.	ning.
Eye/face protection	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a ris issessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mis pases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, u ne assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggle	sts, ınless
Skin protection		
Hand protection	Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard showorn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicate becessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, chartering use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for d glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.	s this is neck be ifferent
Body protection	Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the tas performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before andling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wea tatic protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clo hould include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.	ir anti-

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Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Other skin protection	: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

Appearance	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Clear.
Odor	: Not available.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not applicable.
Melting point/freezing point	: Not available.
Boiling point, initial boiling point, and boiling range	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: -29°C (-20.2°F) [Pensky-Martens Closed Cup]
Evaporation rate	: 89 (butyl acetate = 1)
Flammability	: Flammable aerosol.
Lower and upper explosion limit/flammability limit	: Lower: 1.1% Upper: 57%
Vapor pressure	: 101.3 kPa (760 mm Hg)
Relative vapor density	: 1 [Air = 1]
Relative density	: 0.76
Solubility(ies)	: · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Modia	Result

Media		Result		
cold water		Not soluble		
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not	applicable.		
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not	available.		
Decomposition temperature	: Not	: Not available.		
Viscosity	: Kin	Kinematic (40°C (104°F)): >20.5 mm²/s (>20.5 cSt)		
Molecular weight	: Not	applicable.		
Aerosol product				
Type of aerosol	: Spra	ау		
Heat of combustion	: 24.9	914 kJ/g		

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.
Chemical stability	: The product is stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
Conditions to avoid	: Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame).
Incompatible materials	: No specific data.
Hazardous decomposition products	: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Dimethyl Ether	LC50 Inhalation Gas.	Rat	164000 ppm	4 hours
	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	309 g/m ³	4 hours
Acetone	LD50 Oral	Rat	5800 mg/kg	-
2-Butoxyethanol	LCLo Inhalation Vapor	Guinea pig	>3.1 mg/l	1 hours
,	LD50 Dermal	Guinea pig	>2000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	1300 mg/kg	-
Formic Acid	LC50 Inhalation Vapor	Rat	7400 mg/m ³	4 hours
	LD50 Oral	Rat	730 mg/kg	-

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
Acetone	Eyes - Mild irritant	Human	-	186300 ppm	-
	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	10 uL	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 20	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	20 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	395 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500	-
				mg	
2-Butoxyethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100	-
				mg	
	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
Formic Acid	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	122 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	610 mg	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
2-Butoxyethanol	-	3	-

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name	Category	Route of exposure	Target organs
Acetone	Category 3		Respiratory tract irritation
2-Butoxyethanol	Category 3 Category 3		Narcotic effects Narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available. routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	 Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause respiratory irritation.
Skin contact	: Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion	: Can cause central nervous system (CNS) depression.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: respiratory tract irritation coughing nausea or vomiting headache drowsiness/fatigue dizziness/vertigo unconsciousness
Skin contact	:	Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation redness
Ingestion	;	No specific data.

<u>Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure</u> <u>Short term exposure</u>

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Section 11. Toxicological information

Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Long term exposure	
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.
Potential chronic health e	ffects
Not available.	
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates	
Route	ATE value
Oral Inhalation (vapors)	4857.49 mg/kg 24.3 mg/l

Section 12. Ecological information

<u>Toxicity</u>			
Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Acetone	Acute EC50 7200000 µg/l Fresh water	Algae - Selenastrum sp.	96 hours
	Acute LC50 4.42589 ml/L Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Acartia tonsa</i> - Copepodid	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7460000 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia cucullata	48 hours
	Acute LC50 5600 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Poecilia reticulata	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 4.95 mg/I Marine water	Algae - <i>Ulva pertusa</i>	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 0.016 ml/L Fresh water	Crustaceans - Daphniidae	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.1 ml/L Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Neonate	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 5 µg/l Marine water	Fish - <i>Gasterosteus aculeatus</i> - Larvae	42 days
2-Butoxyethanol	Acute EC50 >1000 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i>	48 hours
-	Acute LC50 800000 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Crangon crangon	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1250 ppm Marine water	Fish - Menidia beryllina	96 hours
Formic Acid	Acute EC50 151200 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia magna</i> - Larvae	48 hours
	Acute LC50 80000 to 90000 μg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - <i>Carcinus maenas</i> - Adult	48 hours

Persistence and degradability

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Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
Acetone 2-Butoxyethanol	-	-	Readily Readily

Bioaccumulative potential

Not available.

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition: Not available.coefficient (Koc)

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Do not puncture or incinerate container.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ΙΑΤΑ	IMDG
UN number	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950	UN1950
UN proper shipping name	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS	AEROSOLS, flammable	AEROSOLS
Transport hazard class(es)	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1	2.1
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.
Additional information	-		-	-	Emergency schedules F-D, S- U
	ERG No.	ERG No.	ERG No.		
	126	126	126		
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Section 14.	Fransport	information				
	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship the Limited Quant shipping exception	ty product may ship under ty the Limited Quantity	Dependent upon container size, this r product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	Dependent upon container size, this product may ship under the Limited Quantity shipping exception.	
Special precautions for user : Multi-modal shipping descriptions are provided for informational purposes and do not consider container sizes. The presence of a shipping description for a particular mode of transport (sea, air, etc.), does not indicate that the product is packaged suitably for that mode of transport. All packaging must be reviewed for suitability prior to shipment, and compliance with the applicable regulations is the sole responsibility of the person offering the product for transport. People loading and unloading dangerous goods must be trained on all of the risks deriving from the substances and on all actions in case of emergency situations.						
Transport in bulk ac to IMO instruments	cording : No	t available.				
	Pro	oper shipping name	: Not available.			

Section 15. Regulatory information

International regulations

Montreal Protocol

Not listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants Not listed.

International lists : Australia inventory (AIIC): Not determined. China inventory (IECSC): Not determined. Japan inventory (CSCL): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined. Korea inventory (KECI): Not determined. New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): Not determined. Philippines inventory (PICCS): Not determined. Taiwan Chemical Substances Inventory (TCSI): Not determined. Thailand inventory: Not determined. Turkey inventory: Not determined. Vietnam inventory: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

Procedure used to derive the classification

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Section 16. Other information

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE AEROSOLS - Category 1	On basis of test data
GASES UNDER PRESSURE - Compressed gas	Calculation method
SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2	Calculation method
SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/ EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract	Calculation method
irritation) - Category 3	
SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Narcotic effects) -	Calculation method
Category 3	

<u>History</u>

motory	
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Key to abbreviations	: ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Internediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution) N/A = Not available SGG = Segregation Group UN = United Nations

Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

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